What are haemorrhoids/piles?
Hemorrhoids are swollen and inflamed veins located in the region of the anus and lower rectum.

Signs and Symptoms
Itching, pain and burning feeling around the anus; heavy feeling within the rectum; soft swelling or a lump protruding from the anus; and bleeding of bright red blood from the anus during defaecation.

Complications
Haemorrhoids which bleed can lead to chronic anaemia due to excessive blood loss. Strangulation of the blood supply to an internal haemorrhoid may be cut off, causing severe pain and tissue death (gangrene).

What Causes Piles?
The veins around the anus tend to stretch under pressure, and may bulge or swell. Swollen veins (haemorrhoids) develop from an increase in pressure in the lower rectum. There are a number of risk factors that may contribute to this by reducing blood circulation. Physical factors, such as chronic constipation, pregnancy, lifting heavy weights, obesity, enlarged prostate (in men); poor diet, especially from low fibre or cold and dry foods, food allergies; faulty habits, especially lack of physical exercise, frequent use of chemical laxatives, sitting or standing still for long periods of time, so encouraging poor blood circulation.

The Tibb View of Piles
According to Tibb, haemorrhoids are associated with qualities of dryness with cold as it often results as a complication of constipation. Bleeding piles are associated with dryness with heat. People with a melancholic dominant/sub-dominant temperament are more predisposed to developing piles due to their dominance of dryness and cold.

Management of Piles
Management is aimed at reducing the excess quality of dryness associated with haemorrhoids, by implementing Tibb Lifestyle Factors that either increase the qualities of heat and moistness in haemorrhoids which are linked to excess dryness with cold, or increase the qualities of coldness and moistness in haemorrhoids which are linked to excess dryness with heat. This assists Physis in addressing both the symptoms and causes of piles. Lifestyle modification is often a simple and effective approach to treating haemorrhoids. It includes drinking more water, adding more fibre to the diet, and increasing the level of physical activity.

Tibb Lifestyle Factors
Haemorrhoids Associated with the Qualities of Coldness:
Food and Drink
- Eat mostly Hot & Moist foods - such as banana, sweet potato, and brown bread, followed by Cold & Moist foods - like
butternut, carrots, pumpkin and pears.
- **Eat less of Hot & Dry foods** - such as avocado, garlic, onion and chickpeas, and the **least amount of Cold & Dry foods** - like beef, tomato, beans and mealie meal.
- Slowly build up to eating more fresh fruit, vegetables and high-fibre foods, and drink plenty of warm water.

**Haemorrhoids Associated with the Qualities of Heat:**

**Food and Drink**
- **Eat mostly Cold & Moist foods** - such butternut, carrots, pumpkin and pears followed by **Hot & Moist foods** - like banana, sweet potato, and brown bread.
- **Eat less of Cold & Dry foods** - such as beef, tomato, beans and mealie meal and the **least amount of Hot & Dry foods** - like avocado, garlic, onion and chickpeas.
- Slowly build up to eating more fresh fruit, vegetables and high-fibre foods, and drink plenty of warm water. Other Lifestyle Factors for haemorrhoids linked to both dryness with coldness and dryness with heat
- **Exercise:** Regular light/moderate exercise (brisk walking 20-30 min daily). Avoid standing/sitting for long periods.
- **Detox:** A 15min sitz bath in hot water will bring relief.
- **Hygiene:** Keep the anal area clean by regular use of a plain warm water enema. Apply warm water washing of the anal area after defaecation.
- **Others:** Lubricate the anus with Vaseline or olive oil to help with constipation.
- Avoid lifting heavy weights, or learn to apply proper lifting techniques.

**Medication**

**Herbal Remedies**
- Herbal - consume more dark coloured berries. These contain natural flavonoids, which strengthen the walls of veins around the anus.
- Avoid constipation by using a mild laxative regularly like aloe vera or prune juice. Avoid strong or harsh chemical laxatives. - Eat two to three dried figs, previously soaked in water, daily.
- Take one or two tablespoons of flaxseed daily to help soften the stool. Flaxseed is rich in omega-3 fats which have useful anti-inflammatory activity.

**Recommended Medication**

**Piloherb tablets and ointment** - This product has anti-inflammatory and pain-killing activity, plus a mild laxative action. It also has anti-microbial properties, and helps control any bleeding from the anus. Piloherb is associated with the quality of **heat** which encourages blood flow in the rectal area.

**Laxotabs tablets** - This product contains a natural laxative. It softens the stool, making defaecation easier. Laxotabs are associated with the qualities of **moistness** with heat, so it helps to combat the dryness associated with haemorrhoids.

For an in-depth understanding on the Tibb philosophy and all illness conditions download our latest book "**Healing with Tibb**". For further information on temperament, diet charts or recipes: "**Cooking for your body type**" is available for free download or information on Tibb products visit: [www.tibbherbals.com](http://www.tibbherbals.com)